Smart Contract Audit Report

for

ZergSwap

Version 1.0

Trustlook Blockchain Labs

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TRUSTLOOK

Project Overview

Project Name	ZergSwap
Contract codebase	N/A
Platform	EVM compatible blockchains
Language	Solidity
Submission Time	2022.10.13

Report Overview

Report ID	TBL_20221013_00
Version	1.0
Reviewer	Trustlook Blockchain Labs
Starting Time	2022.10.13
Finished Time	2022.10.14

Disclaimer

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About Trustlook Blockchain Labs

Trustlook Blockchain Labs is a leading blockchain security team with a goal of security and vulnerability research on current blockchain ecosystems by offering industry-leading smart contracts auditing services. Please contact us for more information at (https:/www.trustlook.com/services/smart.html) or Email (bd@trustlook.com)

The Trustlook blockchain laboratory has established a complete system test environment and methods.

Black-box Testing	The tester has no knowledge of the system being attacked. The goal is to simulate an external hacking or cyber warfare attack.
White-box Testing	Based on the level of the source code, test the control flow, data flow, nodes, SDK etc. Try to find out the vulnerabilities and bugs.
Gray-box Testing	Use Trustlook customized script tools to do the security testing of code modules, search for the defects if any due to improper structure or improper usage of applications.

Introduction

By reviewing the smart contract's implementation, this audit report has been prepared to discover potential issues and vulnerabilities of their source code. We outline in the report about our approach to evaluate the potential security risks. Advice to further improve the quality of security or performance is also given in the report.

About ZergSwap

ZergSwap Protocol is an open-source protocol for providing liquidity and trading ERC20 tokens on Ethereum Pow network.

About Methodology

To evaluate the potential vulnerabilities or issues, we go through a checklist of well-known smart contracts related security issues using automatic verification tools and manual review. To discover potential logic weaknesses or project specific implementations, we thoroughly discussed with the team to understand the business model and reduce the risk of unknown vulnerabilities. For any discovered issue, we might test it on our private network to reproduce the issue to prove our findings.

The checklist of items is shown in the following table:

Category	Type ID	Name	Description
Coding Specification	CS-01	ERC Standards	The contract is using ERC standards.
	CS-02	Compiler Version	The compiler version should be specified.
	CS-03	Constructor Mismatch	The constructor syntax is changed with Solidity versions. Need extra attention to make the constructor function right.
	CS-04	Return standard	Following the ERC20 specification, the transfer and approve functions should return a bool value, and a return value code needs to be added.
	CS-05	Address(0) Validation	It is recommended to add the verification of require(_to!=address(0)) to effectively avoid unnecessary loss caused by user misuse or unknown errors.
	CS-06	Unused Variable	Unused variables should be removed.
	CS-07	Untrusted Libraries	The contract should avoid using untrusted libraries, or the libraries need to be thoroughly audited too.
	CS-08	Event Standard	Define and use Event appropriately
	CS-09	Safe Transfer	Using safeTransfer/transfer to send funds instead of send.
	CS-10	Gas Consumption	Optimize the code for better gas consumption.
	CS-11	Deprecated Uses	Avoid using deprecated functions.
	CS-12	Sanity Checks	Sanity checks when setting key parameters in the system
	CS-13	Typo	Typo in comments or code
	CS-14	Fallback Function	Splitting fallback and receive function
	CS-15	Comment Standard	Use clear consistent comments with code semantics
	CS-16	Naming Standard	Use standard method to name functions and variables

Coding Security	SE-01	Integer overflows	Integer overflow or underflow issues.
	SE-02	Reentrancy	Avoid using calls to trade in smart contracts to avoid reentrancy vulnerability.
	SE-03	Transaction Ordering Dependence	Avoid transaction ordering dependence vulnerability.
	SE-04	Tx.origin usage	Avoid using tx.origin for authentication.
	SE-05	Fake recharge	The judgment of the balance and the transfer amount needs to use the “require function”.
	SE-06	Replay	If the contract involves the demands for entrusted management, attention should be paid to the non-reusability of verification to avoid replay attacks.
	SE-07	External call checks	For external contracts, pull instead of push is preferred.
	SE-08	Weak random	The method of generating random numbers on smart contracts requires more considerations.
Additional Security	AS-01	Access control	Well defined access control for functions.
	AS-02	Authentication management	The authentication management is well defined.
	AS-03	Semantic Consistency	Semantics are consistent.
	AS-04	Functionality checks	The functionality is well implemented.
	AS-05	Business logic review	The business model logic is implemented correctly.

The severity level of the issues are described in the following table:

Severity	**Description**
Critical	The issue will result in asset loss or data manipulations.
High	The issue will seriously affect the correctness of the business model.
Medium	The issue is still important to fix but not practical to exploit.
Low	The issue is mostly related to outedate, unused code snippets.
Informational	This issue is mostly related to code style, informational statements and is not mandatory to be fixed.

Audit Results

The Trustlook security team has used the team's analysis tools and manual audit process to audit the project. No obvious risks were identified during the audit. There are some comments and some enhancement suggestions in the following sections.

Scope

Following files have been scanned by our internal audit tool and manually reviewed and tested by our team:

File names	Sha1
UniswapV2Factory.sol	28c508d2b3206e4e7b6569db5f3e10ca87943f34
UniswapV2Router02.sol	69c327fa2f3399e469da783d4cff6f83f1ee3bdb

Summary

Issue ID	Severity	Location	Type ID	Status
TBL_SCA_001	INFO	UniswapV2Router02.sol UniswapV2Factory.sol	CS-02	Closed
TBL_SCA_002	INFO	UniswapV2Factory.sol:486,491	CS-12	Closed

Details

• ID: TBL_SCA-001

• Severity: INFO

• Type: CS-02 (Compiler Version)

• Description:

The project uses solidity v0.6.6 and v0.5.16. It is recommended to use the latest v0.8 for deployment.

• Remediation:

The development team is aware of this and has decided to leave it as is.

• ID: TBL_SCA-002

• Severity: Info

• Type: CS-12 (Sanity Checks)

• Description:

It is recommended to validate parameter *_feeTo* and *_feeToSetter* to be non-zero before the assignments in the functions *setFeeTo()* and *setFeeToSetter()*.

It is also recommended to emit events for the updates.

• Remediation:

The development team is aware of this and has decided to leave it as is.